KOLAR DISTRICT EXCISE OFFICE.

Notice dated 13th October 1932.

Notice is hereby given that Tenders will be received at the office of the District Excise Officer, Kolar, up to 3 P. M. on the 31st October 1932 for the supply of Kerosine oil, required in connection with the Ganja cultivation at Chikkurugode, in Goribidnur Taluk. The probable quantity required would be about 20 tins per mensem, for a period of three and a half months.

2. The tenders should specify the rate at which the kerosine oil tins are delivered at the Ganja Plantation named above.

3. Each tender must accompany a deposit of Rs. 10 in cash, as earnest money and be superscribed "Tender for supplying Kerosine oil to the Ganja Fields, Goribidnur".

4. The final acceptance of any tender will rest with the District Excise Officer, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign any reason what-ever for the rejection of such tender.

5. Within three days after the acceptance of the tender the successful tenderer will be required to execute the usual contract Bond, in default of which his tender will be treated as cancelled and his earnest money forfeited.

6. The earnest money of rejected tenders will be returned to the parties.

7. Rates once tendered cannot bo enhanced on any account.

P. CHICKANNASETTY,
District Excise Officer,

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF STORE KEEPER, MYSORE RAILWAYS, MYSORE.

Abstract Notification dated 3rd October 1932.

The attention of the public is invited to Tender sale Notification No. 5, dated 3rd October 1932, calling for tenders for the purchase of valuable scrap metal, published on page 1146 of Part VI of the *Mysore Gazette,* dated 13th October 1932.

A. SADASIVAN,
Chief Store Keeper.

DISTRICT LOCK-UP, HASSAN.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received on the 10th November 1932 at 10 A.M., by the District Lock-up Officer, Hassan District, for the supply of articles of diet and contingencies for the District Lock-up at Hassan, from 1st January to 31st December 1933, both days inclusive.

2. No tenders will be received after 10 A.M., on the 10th November 1932.

3. Tenders to be superscribed "Tenders for the supply of provisions for the District Lock-up, Hassan."

4. No tender will be received unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 30 (thirty) in cash currency notes or Government bonds.

5. Tenders will be opened by the District Lock-up Officer, Hassan, on the date above-named in the presence of such tenderers as may choose to attend.

6. The District Lock-up Officer, reserves to himself, the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.

7. The deposit of the successful competitor will be retained and will be forfeited if he fails to execute the contract bond or to furnish security to the amount of Rs. 50 in cash or Government bonds within three days from the date of the acceptance of his contract.

8. No advance of cash will be made to the contractor; payments for the articles supplied will be made by the District Lock-up Officer, in charge of the institution on production of a bill by him.

9. The contractor must submit his bills in English or Kanarese for the cost of all articles, supplied with calculations correctly made on the last day of the month to which the bill refers.

10. A store-room will be made over to the contractor, in which he should keep all non-perishable articles, and at least two weeks' supply of these should always be kept in the room. All perishable articles such as meat, tyre, etc., should be at the District Lock-up by 6 A.M., at the latest daily. All articles, except those mentioned otherwise, should be replaced within an hour; if not, the articles will be purchased by the District Lock-up Officer in the bazaar and the contractor compelled to pay for it at bazaar rates as well as defray cost of transit, etc. The contingent articles, etc., ordered should be supplied within twenty-four hours after the receipt of the order.

11. The contract must not be sublet.

12. A fine not exceeding Rs. 5 will be levied at the discretion of the District Lock-up Officer, in charge of the institution for every infringement of the stipulation of the contract, for the supply of any inferior articles and if the stipulation of the contract be frequently violated, the contract will be annulled and the security confiscated to the Government.